

STATE OF INDIANA

MICHAEL R. PENCE, Governor

PUBLIC ACCESS COUNSELOR JOSEPH B. HOAGE

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February 1, 2013

Mr. Stephen L. Reed DOC 161372 5501 S. 1100 W Westville, Indiana 46391

Re: Formal Complaint 13-FC-29; Alleged Violation of the Access to Public

Records Act by the Fort Wayne Police Department

Dear Mr. Reed:

This advisory opinion is in response to your formal complaint alleging the Fort Wayne Police Department ("Department") violated the Access to Public Records Act ("APRA"), Ind. Code § 5-14-3-1 *et seq*. Christine Darrah, Keeper of Records, responded on behalf of the Department. Her response is enclosed for your reference.

BACKGROUND

In your formal complaint, you allege that you submitted a request for records to the Department for all search warrant documents prepared and obtained during the course of the investigation in State of Indiana v. Wayne L. Scott, Cause No. 02-D06-11111-FC-343. You provided that your request was denied on January 18, 2013, which I infer that you allege that the Department failed to respond in any fashion to the request that was submitted.

In response to your formal complaint, Ms. Darrah provided that the Department received your request on January 30, 2013. The Department has now provided all records that are required to be disclosed under section 5 of the APRA; the remainder of your request was denied pursuant to I.C. § 5-14-3-4(b)(1). A copy of the Department's disclosure is enclosed.

ANALYSIS

The public policy of the APRA states that "(p)roviding persons with information is an essential function of a representative government and an integral part of the routine duties of public officials and employees, whose duty it is to provide the information." *See* I.C. § 5-14-3-1. The Department is a public agency for the purposes of the APRA. *See* I.C. § 5-14-3-2. Accordingly, any person has the right to inspect and copy the

Department's public records during regular business hours unless the records are excepted from disclosure as confidential or otherwise nondisclosable under the APRA. *See* I.C. § 5-14-3-3(a).

A request for records may be oral or written. See I.C. § 5-14-3-3(a); § 5-14-3-9(c). If the request is delivered in person and the agency does not respond within 24 hours, the request is deemed denied. See I.C. § 5-14-3-9(a). If the request is delivered by mail or facsimile and the agency does not respond to the request within seven (7) days of receipt, the request is deemed denied (emphasis added). See I.C. § 5-14-3-9(b). A response from the public agency could be an acknowledgement that the request has been received and information regarding how or when the agency intends to comply. Under the APRA, when a request is made in writing and the agency denies the request, the agency must deny the request in writing and include a statement of the specific exemption or exemptions authorizing the withholding of all or part of the record and the name and title or position of the person responsible for the denial. See I.C. § 5-14-3-9(c). Here, the Department provided that it received your written request for records on January 30, 2013, at which time it produced all records that were required to be provided under the APRA. As such, if the Department responded in writing on the date of the receipt of your written request, it complied with section 9 of the APRA.

The APRA requires that certain law enforcement records be made available for inspection and copying. See I.C. § 5-14-3-5. In this regard, information must be made public in three instances: if a person is arrested or summoned for an offense, if a person is received in a jail or lock-up, and where an agency has received a call regarding a suspected crime, accident, or complaint. Id. I.C. § 5-14-3-5(a) provides that if a person is arrested or summoned for an offense, the following information shall be made available for inspection and copying:

- (1) Information that identifies the person including the person's name, age, and address.
- (2) Information concerning any charges on which the arrest or summons is based.
- (3) Information relating to the circumstances of the arrest or the issuance of the summons, such as the:
 - (A) time and location of the arrest or the issuance of the summons;
 - (B) investigating or arresting officer (other than an undercover officer or agency); and
 - (C) investigating or arresting law enforcement agency.

If a person is received in a jail or lock-up, I.C. § 5-14-3-5(b) provides that the following information shall be made available for inspection and copying:

- (1) Information that identifies the person including the person's name, age, and address.
- (2) Information concerning the reason for the person being placed in the jail or lock-up, including the name of the person on who order the person is being held.



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- (3) The time and date that the person was received and time and date of the person's discharge or transfer.
- (4) The amount of the person's bail or bond, if it has been fixed.

Finally, I.C. § 5-14-3-5(c) obligates law enforcement agencies to maintain a daily log that lists suspected crimes, accidents, or complaints. *See* I.C. § 5-14-3-5(c). The following information must be maintained in the daily log:

- (1) The time, substance, and location of all complaints or requests for assistance received by the agency.
- (2) The time and nature of the agency's response to all complaints or requests for assistance.
- (3) If the incident involves an alleged crime or infraction:
 - (A) the time, date, and location of occurrence;
 - (B) the name and age of any victim, unless the victim is a victim of a crime under IC 35-42-4 or IC 35-42-3.5;
 - (C) the factual circumstances surrounding the incident; and
 - (D) a general description of any injuries, property, or weapons involved.

Counselor Neal provided the following guidance regarding a law enforcement agency's requirements pursuant to I.C. § 5-14-3-5(c):

In some instances, a law enforcement agency will not maintain a separate record titled "daily log" but will instead use the daily incident reports to substitute for the daily log. In that case, when the agency receives a request for the daily log information, the agency will generally provide copies of incident reports. In some cases, the agency will redact from the incident report any information not required to be maintained in a daily log. I have advised agencies this is acceptable so long as the daily log information is always available within twenty-four hours and so long as the agency provides at least the information which is required by I.C. § 5-14-3-5(c) to be made available for inspection and copying. *Opinion of the Public Access Counselor 09-FC-93*.

Beyond the requirements of section 5 of the APRA, the investigatory records exception to the APRA provides that a law enforcement agency has the discretion to disclose or not disclose its investigatory records. There is no dispute that the Department is considered to be a "law enforcement agency." An investigatory record is "information compiled in the course of the investigation of a crime." See I.C. § 5-14-3-2(h). The investigatory records exception does not apply only to records of ongoing or current investigations; rather, it applies regardless of whether a crime was charged or even committed. The exception applies to all records compiled during the course of the investigation, even after an investigation has been completed. The investigatory records exception affords law enforcement agencies broad discretion in withholding such records. See Opinion of the Public Access Counselor 09-FC-157. In response to your request, the Department has provided all information required of a law enforcement agency pursuant to section 5 of the APRA. The remaining parts of your request were denied pursuant to the investigatory records exception found under I.C. § 5-14-3-4(b)(1). As such, it is my opinion that the Department complied with the requirements of the APRA in response to your request.

CONCLUSION

For the foregoing reasons, it is my opinion that if the Department received your written request and responded in writing on the date of its receipt, it complied with section 9 of the APRA. As to all other issues, it is my opinion that the Department complied with the requirements of the APRA.

Best regards,

Joseph B. Hoage Public Access Counselor

cc: Christine Darrah